

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME 2.

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1922.

WHOLE NUMBER 104.

Regret!

Last week they say you'd something cheap to sell
I'd like to have got in on that as well.
That Aluminumware was just dirt cheap theysay
But I regret I never looked your way.
The Sale is o'er, but nevermore
Will I pass blindly by your store.
In your windows I no doubt will see
More Bargains that look good to me.

Promise!

I will try and have something new
In my Store each week for others and you.
They will be good, both useful and cheap.
So when in town don't let your eyes sleep.

C. W. ROSSELL.

The Friday Court.

An adjourned case was up before the local Court on Friday afternoon last, when a local firm was charged with an infraction of a clause in the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance. The affair was complicated by the fact that one of the partners had neglected answering a summons to appear, on the Tuesday previous. At the trial, defendant was fined \$100 and costs of the Court. The case will be appealed.

The Amateur Poundkeeper.

It is quite probable another local case will shortly be on its way to a higher court, this time it being a knotty poultry problem. On College Heights, on adjoining lots, live folks who have been kind and loving neighbors until quite recently. Each keep poultry, the believing in the all-hen system. The other owns a fine noble rooster, which on each of four consecutive days last week went over and assaulted several of the hens belonging to the other flock. This was too much for the kind-hearted hen-owner, who forthwith captured Mr. Robster and impounded it in a spare coop. After an evening's hunt, the owner of Chanticleer discovered his retreat, but he isn't worrying any, as he thinks the rooster is simply enjoying a well-earned rest.

The amateur poundkeeper is now wondering whether 'tis better to release her feathered prisoner or sue for his board, if she keeps him a month.

About Our Fair.

The dates—Thursday and Friday, August 10 and 11.

The Prize List is available. Get a copy from the Secretary. Make up your mind now to exhibit one or more articles.

Good attractions are being arranged. Full program will be announced next week.

All entries closed on Monday, August 7.

The Sun would like to see a great big exhibit of vegetables, dairy products, household products, Ladies and Art work.

This fair is your fair. Come and bring your families and have a good time.

Who Wants to be Poundkeeper

An effort is being made by Councillor Peter Schoepf, of Inga M. D., to establish a pound in his Division, but so far without results. While the majority of the farmers would like to see a place established where stray stock could be driven to and impounded, none seem willing to undertake the onerous duties of poundkeeper.

That Grand Institution.

The programs at the sessions of the Chautauqua which closed yesterday were well received. That the audiences appreciated these performances, could be seen by the pleasant expressions on the faces of the people during the Chautauqua sessions, as well as the hearty applause accorded the different numbers.

Comparing the programs with other years, the general opinion seemed to be that they were slightly better. We are not giving a detailed list of the performances, as practically all our readers were present.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. J. L. McCabe and children returned Saturday from a visit to Donalds.

Mr. Lory has been confined to his house this week with an attack of lumbago.

Dr. Henry spent the week-end in the City.

Mrs. Martin Kotscherofsky of Stony Plain, her sister Mrs. Miller of Rabbit Hills; and her brother, Mr. H. Felz of Rabbit Hills, left Stony Plains last week, on a visit with relatives at Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Geo. Oppenheimer is grading up the road on 2d St., just west of the Methodist Church.

Mr. J. T. Gilmore, Railway Town site Commissioner, has been in Stony for a week, giving the sale and leases from the old C. N. R. the once-over. He succeeded in selling a town lot to each of the following—T. J. Hardwick, C. W. Rossell, Ph. Trapp, Geo. W. Sweeney, D. L. McKinlay.

Now the "four joyous days" are over, when's the date of our next regular monthly baseball game?

Some souvenir collector one evening last week, appropriated a sign belonging to the Ford people, which had been attached to the Main Street side of the Central Garage.

The Canadian National Railway has awarded a contract for making dress suits to Mr. Herb Ingram. The amount required will be \$5,000.

The Atlas Lumber Co has secured the lumber contract for the new club-house at Edmonton Beach.

The next big attraction is our Fair, which opens at Stony two weeks today, August 10, with the Sports Day on Friday, the 11th.

License Inspector Rudd was in Stony last week, inspecting the restaurants and places where refreshments are sold, paying special attention to those places who proprietors have as yet failed to take out a license.

Mr. Kollong has purchased the Ruggles truck which has been giving a freight service to Stony Plain, and will use it in his combined freight and passenger service to the City.

The Directors of the Agricultural Society met Thursday night, last, and completed arrangements for the forthcoming show, August 10 and 11.

Movie pictures will be shown again on Saturday evening, next, in Duchole's Hall, including a reel of Charlie Chaplin. These shows will be a regular Saturday night feature in town.

Building operation on the Elevator for the Federal Grain Co are about over, there remaining but a small staff to put on the finishing touches. This place was put up in record time, and will prove a big advantage to local farmers when the time comes for them to market their grain.

MARKET ITEM—Red Barney on Friday purchased a (Ford) car of Hoate, and now he wants some fat ens, bluey!

GET IT at HARDWICK'S.

The Store

where you get value

for

Money---

Service and Quality.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

Fly Time Is Disease Time

The best way to prevent much of the hot weather disease is to kill flies now—today—before they have a chance to multiply.

All you need to rid your home not only of Flies but all other insects as well, is

El Vampiro

EL VAMPIRO is a vegetable insect powder that is absolutely harmless to animals or mankind but kills Cockroaches, Bees, Flies, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Beetles, and other insects. Get a package today. Price 25 cents.

We Sell It

Also, Fly Swatters 15c.

Wilson's Poison Fly Pads 10c.

Sticky Fly Coils and Tanglefoot Fly Paper.

Pure Insect Fly Powder in bulk and packages.

J. F. CLARKE,

The Retail Store, Stony Plain.

GET IT AT—

KELLY'S

Groceries and Provisions.

Fresh Fruit for Preserving

Dishes of All Kinds.

Bring Your Cream to Kelly

ROYAL HOTEL, Stony Plain.

PHILIP MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

TELEPHONE 18.

Good Rooms. European Plan. Excellent Service.

BEER KEPT IN GOOD SHAPE, AND OTHER SOFT DRINKS.

STONY PLAIN FAIR, AUGUST 10 AND 11.

Have
KEEN'S
DSF
MUSTARD
with all your meals
Freshly Mixed
Aids Digestion



Why and Whereof of Prohibitory Laws

Unquestionably there is a considerable degree of restiveness among people over the enactment and subsequent enforcement of prohibitory laws of one kind and another. While this feeling of resentment finds expression most vigorously in connection with prohibitory liquor laws, there is an undercurrent of feeling in relation to other matters as well. But do the people who so vigorously object to these repressive laws ever stop to ask themselves to what extent they are themselves responsible for their enactment?

Prohibitory laws are always the result of excessive over-indulgence, a lack of self-control, or self-denial. This statement holds true not only in regard to liquor legislation, but in regard to practically all laws of a sumptuous character. For example, the laws passed prohibiting the killing of beaver in Canada were rendered necessary because some hunters and trappers would not deny themselves the pleasure or profit to be derived from killing these industrious little workers. Close seasons for duck, prairie chickens, and all kinds of game had to be established and are enforced for the same reason.

Every year the newspapers of this country are filled with reports of the destruction of millions of dollars worth of valuable forests, and in the vast majority of cases these destructive fires are the result of the carelessness arising out of the lack of a little self-denial on the part of someone who would not take the time or go to the trouble of properly protecting a campfire, or who started a fire for fun under conditions of wind or in such close proximity to brush as to invite a conflagration. Some people, too, have a mania for stripping the bark off birch trees, or for carelessly defacing public property which necessitates the enforcement of prohibitory regulations applicable to everybody.

One or two farmers in a given community will not exercise the self-denial, or take the precautions necessary, to keep their land free from noxious weeds, with the result that the whole district is threatened and suffers loss. The inevitable result is the passage of laws to compel everybody to destroy weeds.

"Keep off the grass" signs in city parks always cause a feeling of indignation because it is felt that these grassy spaces should be for the special use of children on hot summer days. Why, then, are such signs displayed? Because people will be selfish. The temperate use of city park spaces would give them and everybody else real pleasure, but there are those who will persist in making beaten tracks across these lawns with the result that everybody is prohibited from walking on the grass.

Some people go fishing and haul in everything they can, big and little, and keep it up regardless of their requirements for seasonable food, with the result that lakes and streams are fished out. If such people alone were the sufferers from such wholesale destruction they might well be allowed to suffer the penalty of their folly and lack of self-control. But everybody suffers, and so it becomes necessary every now and then to prohibit fishing altogether in such lakes and streams for a few years in order that the stock of fish may be replenished.

Sunday's observance laws are passed so strict in character as to make that day one which thousands of people loathe, instead of halting its coming as a day of joy and gladness. In some respects our Canadian Sunday observance laws are like the blue laws of Puritan New England. Yet these laws have been enacted in order to prevent Sunday becoming even less restful and sacred than the other six days of the week.

It was not the moderate drinker, the man who really enjoyed a glass of beer as a beverage, who brought about Prohibition. Such a man was not a menace to the whole community. It was the man who drank to excess and in his drunken state was worse than a beast, or an insane man, a reviling of his family, and disturbing the peace of all, who caused such a restriction of public opinion as to lead to the demand that the sale of intoxicants of all kinds be rigidly prohibited.

It is a law of nature that the innocent must suffer with the guilty. It is a maxim that we must make provision in law and in law enforcement which will result in the greatest good to the greatest number. Hence, the passage of prohibitory laws for the advancement of the public good, and to prohibit the majority from the selfishness and viciousness of the few.

Hand in hand with the passage of such laws—and even more important and lasting in the results to be achieved—is the need for proper training of children in the duties and obligations, the restrictions involved in Canadian citizenship. There is need for a revival of teaching the young to respect the rights and property of others, and the property of the state which is the property of all. There is a crying need for the inculcation of the principles of self-control, self-denial, and a true conception of the gain to be derived from the practice of conservation in the true sense and meaning of the word.

NOW DO MY WORK WITH EASE

Because Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored My Health

Hornell, N. Y.—"I was in bad health but there didn't seem to be any one thing that would matter with me. I was tired out all over and it was a relief to me to move. I was irritable and could not sleep nights and had trouble with my bowels and at my periods. It seemed that nearly everyone around me knew of your medicine and wanted me to try it, so at last I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine and improved every day. I do all my own work now except the washing and do it with ease. I can accomplish as much in a day now as it would have taken me a week to do last winter and I try to get every one I know to take your medicine to build them up. You are welcome to use my letter as a testimonial if you like."—Mrs. CHAS. BAKER, 21 Spencer Ave., Hornell, N. Y.

In almost every neighborhood there are women who know of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. They know because they have taken it and have been helped. Why don't you give it a trial?

W. N. U. 1430

Alberta Coal
Compares Very Favorably With Imported Coal for Smithy Purposes
After extensive experiments with the use of an Alberta coal for smithy purposes, the Industrial Research Department of the University of Alberta states that it compares very favorably with imported Pennsylvania coal for this purpose. Comparative tests were made under ordinary blacksmithy conditions, and included heating, welding and tool-making. In all these tests the results obtained with the Alberta coal were equally as good, if not better than, those obtained with Pennsylvania coal.

Nothing as Good for Asthma. Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always of the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy today.

Bachelor Sentiment
He—Indeed, I am fond of children, particularly in the country.
She—Why particularly when you're in the country?
He—Not when I am in the country. When they are—I spare Moments.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Strange Alpine Phenomenon

Pollen of Fruit Trees Whole Country Yellow Hue

A curious Alpine phenomenon is reported in different parts of the Canton of Vaud. When, a strong wind ceased the whole country assumed a yellow hue. The Dent Vaulion, 4,880 feet high, looked like a golden dome, and the forests seemed on fire, while Lake Joux resembled a sea of champagne. The yellow was caused by large masses of pollen from fruit trees, which was blown across the mountains and deposited when the wind dropped. The peasants call it "golden rain."

When Does Bronchial Trouble Begin to Get Serious?

First it was a little throat tickle, then a cough which grew severe. This neglected cough travels down the lungs, and it's mighty hard to treat. To treat throat trouble right, use Cattarhozone. It heals the sore spots, allays irritation, eases the cough, makes breathing regular, clears out the phlegm and frees the nostrils from crusts and accumulations. You can prevent colds, and keep free from Cattarh and bronchial trouble by frequently using Cattarhozone—thousands prove this every day. Sold everywhere, two months treatment \$1.00, medium size 60c, small size 25c.

Immigration for May

Immigration into Canada for the month of May, 1922, totalled 11,199, of whom 5,972 were British, 2,566 from the United States and 2,661 from other countries.

Separation, But No Alimony

A peaceful, quiet separation, no damages, no suddenly happy again—that's the situation when you divorce your corner. Try Putnam's Corn Extract, the magic, no pain, no failure, success every time. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's," 25c everywhere.

Experienced

"The man who gives in when he is wrong," said the street orator, "is a wise man; the one who gives in when he is right is—"

"Married!" said a meek voice—Passing Show.

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months and unless prompt action is taken the little one may soon be beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets are an ideal medicine in warding off this trouble. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent the dreaded summer complaint. They are an absolute safe medicine, being guaranteed to contain neither opiates nor narcotics or other harmful drugs. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail for a cent a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Cruise on the Great Lakes

Enjoy to the Fullest the East

The trip to Eastern Canada or the United States can be made doubly enjoyable by including the delightful cruise on the Great Lakes from Port William and Port Arthur to Port McNicoll or Owen Sound on the Palatial Canadian Pacific Steamers "Kewatin," "Assiniboia," and "Manitoba." Three sailings a week from Port William and Port Arthur every Wednesday and Saturday to Port McNicoll, where direct connection is made with special train for Toronto, and every Thursday for Owen Sound. The Great Lakes trip is a delightful diversion to the East—Restful, cool and refreshing.

The Ticket Agent of the Canadian Pacific will be pleased to give full information as to rates, sailings, etc., and arrange every detail for an enjoyable trip.

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Expeller.

Saskatchewan Dairy Products

According to figures recently made public the value of dairy products in Saskatchewan in 1921 was \$13,774,455. During the year farmers in the province increased their dairy herds by 50,000 cows. Export figures reached a new record, a total of 7,885,563 pounds of butter leaving the province.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

TO THE LITTLE MISS THIS FROCK IS SURE TO BRING BLISS.



Mothers sometimes find it difficult to please the little miss when selecting clothing for their wardrobe. They feel quite grown-up at that age and their tastes usually run to modes that add materially to the years. Mother, of course, insists on something useful. Here is a suggestion for an afternoon frock which is bound to be classed as adorable by the most particular little miss. It is of brown crepe de chine, with pleated fluting of rose crepe, which afford an attractive note of contrast. Very novel is the feather girde, which serves as a distinctive finishing touch.

A Calendar Savings Bank

To encourage the formation of a daily-savings habit, a neat home calendar has been devised which can be kept at the proper date only by the insertion of a coin each day, says an illustrated article in the August issue of Popular Mechanics Magazine. A special slot is also provided in which coins may be inserted without affecting the calendar numbers.

The first veterinary school was established in 1762 at Lyons.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

DEARIE'S
CACCHER
TORONTO

The tincoars, extinct mammal, about the size of the elephant, had the smallest brain of any living mammal.

ASPIRIN
UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



'Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocarbonyl Salicylic Acid. With it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to ensure the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their special trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Keen Interest Was Taken By Saskatchewan Farmers In The Better Farming Train

The Saskatchewan better farming train brought its highly successful tour to a conclusion recently, and Mr. Williams, agricultural agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company expressed his belief that this train, the biggest yet operated, with the biggest attendance, also got bigger and better results than any of its predecessors. Much credit is being accorded to the company for its invaluable co-operation in the enterprise.

"Many silos," said Professor Wintge, of the Animal Husbandry Department of the College of Agriculture, who was on the train throughout the whole trip, "will be built as a result of the visit of the Better Farming Train. At almost every point visited, one or more farmers indicated their intention to build a silo as soon as possible and the models exhibited were the subject of much attention, and always produced many questions. Another matter which was forcibly brought to my attention during the trip was the greatly increasing popularity of sweet clover. The tendency to grow such crops and to build silos means much, as it shows that a change in farming methods is being made, which will make for more permanent agriculture, greater prosperity and consequent contentment of the farming population. Much interest has also been shown in the various feeds and balanced rations recommended, indicating that dairying and the feeding of stock for market is steadily taking a larger place in our agricultural operations."

Professor Potts, who was lecturing on dairying and who was in charge of the dairy exhibit, stated that in the southern and eastern parts of the province there is a very noticeable increase in the interest taken in cow testing work, and one result of the tour of the train, he was convinced, will be that a very large number of dairymen will now adopt this method and many others, formerly doubters, are now convinced of the value of this system.

There was one point to which it was found necessary to call attention continually, according to George Murray, who was in charge of the field husbandry car, and that is the necessity of inoculating sweet clover seed. This crop is useful, he states, in two ways, one in supplying a place in the rotation, and the other in enriching the soil. If not inoculated, there will almost invariably be no nodules on the roots, and no nitrogen will be stored, so that those who do not inoculate will not enrich the soil but further deplete it. The average farm produces half the point of growing this crop.

Lubrication, ignition and carburetor troubles were the chief matters upon which farmers sought the assistance of Mr. Joseph Taylor, mechanical car, and he believed that an unprecedented number of power users benefited by bringing their troubles for solution to the better farming train.

Both the household science and the forestry sections were very busy throughout the trip, and in these departments those in charge felt that much had been accomplished in conversations and in answering questions, as well as by the lectures delivered.

In the field husbandry car Miss Brayford's bees attracted considerable attention. This lady has kept bees for many years near Wawota, and last year her output of honey reached well over 900 pounds, showing that this is a very profitable side line for those interested in this branch of agriculture, and there are many now farming in Saskatchewan who kept bees in other provinces who will be glad to know that there is no obstacle to success in honey production in this province.

J. K. Finlayson, who was in charge of the poultry car the greater part of the trip, states there seems to be a good deal of doubt regarding the cotton fronted poultry house, some complaining that the birds froze their combs. This, he said, was because the house was overcrowded, and the more hens there are the more moisture comes from the condensing breath. A hen's temperature is 106.

and she can stand the cold perfectly well, as long as the air is dry. The cotton fronted poultry house, with insulated walls and properly ventilated, has been found absolutely satisfactory at the College of Agriculture.

The total attendance for the tour was 32,881, and surpassed the former best on record by 107. The difference between this year and last year would have been many more had it not been for the fact that heavy rain spoiled the last day's attendance, when three meetings were scheduled. The average daily attendance was 1,061, and the total attendance was comprised of 9,275 men; 6,332 women; 15,971 boys and girls; and 3,303 babies.

Who Christianized Britain?

Presbyterian Minister Says It Was Joseph of Aramathea

That Christianity was brought to England A.D. 55 by Joseph of Aramathea, and that the British-Irish Society in England was now making investigations on what was supposed to be the site of his church, was one of the interesting statements made recently by Rev. F. J. Hartley, minister of Pleasant Hope Presbyterian Church, Calgary, in an address to the Winnipeg branch of the British-Irish Association in the Odd Fellows' Temple. He gave a resume of the British-Irish position that the British people are the lineal descendants of the lost tribes, quoting widely from the Bible and history.

Another equally interesting statement was that Jeremiah, the prophet, came to Britain with a daughter of King Zedekiah, and that she married the son of the then Irish king. Another daughter, Mr. Hartley said, founded the House of Orange, from which sprang William the Third of England. He mentioned that Professor Odium, of Vancouver, the well known writer on British-Irish history, was at present in Japan investigating the origin of the white race in Japan, which was supposed to be descended from the tribe of Manasseh, and which, he stated, was very much like in type the Anglo-Saxon race. In connection with the founding of Christianity in Britain, he said that at the eccumenical at Nicea in 325 there was a British bishop and elders.

The Baltic Sea has an average depth of only forty-three yards.



WITH THE WISHING FAIRY
by L. GRINNE

A Story of a Fish That Builds a Nest.

"TELL us a fish story, Stella, dear," said Snookums.

"Yes, do—please," the three other Brownies begged. "We feel just like listening."

"The Wishing Fairy who always likes to make everyone happy, sat down, thought a few moments and then began talking.

"Today," she said, "I will tell you of a very small fish, only two or three inches long, but I think it amazingly interesting, and the fish is called 'Stickleback'."

"Just from its name, I like that fish already!" exclaimed Pinzie. "Why is it called that?"

"Because two of its tiny fins have changed to spines. It is really very beautiful; for underneath its body is silver and it has purple and green bands on its back, and is gold and red on its sides and head. A very strange thing about it is that if frightened it suddenly loses its lovely coloring and becomes perfectly pale."

"Just like people," remarked Kinkalou.

The Fairy nodded. "Yes," she said, "but this seldom happens because the Stickleback is almost fearless, has lots of courage and loves to fight. Do you know what fish scales are?" she suddenly asked, but receiving no answer, continued: "Fish are covered with them (at least most fish are), and these scales are like your finger nails, only ever so much thinner. They are fastened to the skin of a fish, overlapping each other; while they all point or lap toward the tail. The color of a fish is in its scales, where are quick slippery, for they are covered with a slime that is made by the fish near its mouth and flows through little tubes to all the scales. This makes it easy for the fish to slip through the water."

"Tell us some more about Sticklebacks," said Snookums.

"They all build nests on the sand under water just as carefully as birds build theirs in the air—at least Mr. Stickleback does! In fact, he does all the work! Carries pieces of fine moss and water grass in his mouth to the spot he has chosen for a home, and there he carefully places each tiny bit until he has woven a wee nest, which he cements with a glue-like liquid that he can cause to ooze from his skin."

"What about Mrs. Stickleback all this time?" Pinzie questioned.

"She is very busy, I am sorry to say," the Fairy, "for she doesn't help; but after the nest is quite ready she lays her eggs in it and then she swims away."

"A frivolous female," laughed Pinzie.

"That is quite true," and Stella smiled. "But Mr. Stickleback is such a wonderful little father that he more than makes up for their mother's neglect to the fry."

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May Cut Second Panama Canal

Present One Will Soon Be Inadequate For World's Commerce

It is being proposed that the American continent should be cut through again.

The present Panama Canal is used by an ever-increasing number of ships, and all the authorities are agreed that in fifteen years' time it will be quite inadequate for the world's commerce.

This being the case, either the present canal must be greatly widened or a second canal must be cut and the general opinion of the experts leans to the cutting of a new canal.

This would have to be much larger than the present waterway, and such a gigantic undertaking would occupy a number of years, so it is suggested that work should be begun at once.

But two old controversies have broken out with renewed vigor. The first is as to where the new canal should be cut and the second as to whether a canal with locks or a sea-level channel is the better.

There is a possibility that, instead of making a second canal at Panama, the Nicaragua route may be followed. This was the original plan of the Americans before they took over the French works at Panama, and as far back as 1826 a survey was undertaken there on behalf of a British company.

Owing to climatic causes ships would have to spend forty-three hours more on the Nicaragua route than by way of Panama, but against this the distance to San Francisco and New York from the ends of the Nicaragua Canal would be 500 miles shorter than from the ends of the Panama Canal.

Used Bayonet to Save European

Nairobi Policeman Rescued Traveller From Infuriated Leopard

The first instance of a leopard being bayoneted has just been recorded.

A leopard had been fired at and wounded at a small station on the Uganda railway. In its rage it made for a European, bore him to the ground and began mauling him.

A native policeman, who was standing near, immediately fixed his bayonet and a charged. He caught the leopard in the chest and killed it instantly. Then with a heave he pitched it to body off the European.

The white man is in Nairobi Hospital, but is not very seriously injured.

The motion picture films exported from the United States each year would, if placed end to end, reach a distance of 4,000 miles.

Lois can never wonder what to do with their money if they should ever get out of debt.

Indications Point To Canada Leading The World As A Wheat Producer

Senator Calder, of New York, recently declared his conviction that the United States would soon fall behind Canada in the production of wheat. "The Dominion," he stated, "will develop several times the wheat acreage of the United States." Herbert Hoover, the United States Secretary of Commerce, but a short while previously had been responsible for the statement that the United States would in ten years become a wheat importing nation. In 1921 the United States was the world's first wheat producer, whilst Canada had risen from the third place she held the year before, to that of second among the wheat producing countries of the world.

"The peak of wheat acreage in the United States," Senator Calder said, "was 75,694,000 acres, reached in 1915, an increase of 25 per cent. over the wheat acreage of 1910. Canada, in the same year, had 19,125,969 acres needed to wheat, an increase of 115 per cent. over the 1910 figure." But this figure was by no means a peak for Canada, but merely a step in a series of gradations. The 1921 acreage was 23,261,224 in Canada, or an increase of more than 21 per cent. over 1919. In addition to this the prairie provinces, where the greatest expansion in acreage is taking place, will have, according to the estimate of the Western Agricultural Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, an increase of nearly 35 per cent. over last year, not all, but a large section of which, will be devoted to wheat.

The production of wheat in the United States increased from 635,000,000 bushels in 1910 to 825,000,000 bushels in 1920, an increase of approximately 35 per cent. In the same period Canada's wheat production increased from 149,989,600 bushels to 263,189,300 bushels, or an increase of 76 per cent. The value of the wheat crop in the United States for the decade increased by 100 per cent, or from \$560,000,000 to \$1,197,000,000. In the same time the value of Canada's wheat crop increased by 400 per cent, or from \$99,530,000 in 1910 to \$467,250,000 in 1920.

It must be borne in mind when considering these figures and noting the lengthy lead the United States still has over Canada in wheat production, that the former has to all intents and purposes reached its zenith of production—in fact the tendency is for a decline—whilst the Dominion, in view of the minute portion of her area under cultivation, and the wonderful possibilities of development, may be considered as having only entered the lists. Whilst in the three prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are less than 121,000,000 acres under private ownership, much of which is not under cultivation, there are approximately 25,000,000 acres of a surveyed total of 290,000,000 acres available for homestead areas. In addition to these surveyed areas, there are tracts which have been only partly surveyed and which contain more than 250,000,000 acres.

The biggest factor in increasing Canada's wheat acreage in the past, and one whose effect will be felt to an increasing extent in the future, is this very availability of large tracts of land upon which hinge the prices of farm, wheat lands, and which determines the price at which wheat can be grown. The average price per acre of land devoted to wheat growing in the United States has been returned at \$92, whilst the average in Canada of settled wheat land has been unofficially estimated at \$40 per acre. That this is not a just estimate for all purposes is evident when it is considered that the average price of settled farm land in Saskatchewan and Alberta, most of which are wheat lands, is less than \$25 per acre, and in addition there are these large tracts which may be acquired for a lesser sum or for the price of filling on them.

The future of Canadian wheat is also assured by its excellent quality, which is beyond question. This has been attested by ten years of uninterrupted successes in carrying off the wheat championship of the world, to be wrested from Canada last year by the State of Montana only by means of seed of Canadian origin.

How long will it be before Canada is leading the world in the production

of wheat? At the present time she occupies the second place in this regard, and a country of less than nine million people is accounting for approximately one-quarter the wheat yield of the United States, a land of more than one hundred and nine millions. In the last decade Canada's wheat production increased by 70 per cent, and granted the agricultural immigration, which would seem to be promised her with all the attractions she has to offer, and the settlement of a further portion of her vacant acreage, the present decade should see at least a hundred per cent. increase and Canada the granary not alone of the British Empire, but of the entire world.

Canadian Birch Popular

Competing Keenly, With American Variety in United Kingdom

It is stated that in the United Kingdom lumber market Canadian birch is proving not only popular but is competing keenly with the American variety. Canadian exporters are laying their wood down in England at prices lower than the American.

This is regarded as a healthy sign, inasmuch as it is considered that Canadian, especially in the export of birch and similar broadly-used woods, could meet the world in a price way.

It is stated that the trade in logs should have considerable increase in the trade with the United Kingdom, inasmuch as it is understood English users of plywood will shortly begin making their own veneers. This is due to the fact that the differential between the price of logs and the plywood would thus be a most profitable operation for the manufacturers.

Canada Can Underseil Manchurian Millers

News from Orient is Very Encouraging to Exporters

Latest flour and grain news reaching Vancouver from Manchuria is encouraging to Canadian exporters to the Orient, though not very cheering to Japanese who have invested in Manchurian flour mills. There are forty-five millings-companies operating in that country, with a capacity of nineteen million sacks. Forty per cent of the mills are owned by Japanese. Of late the output has dropped one-third and it is said that if the condition continues much longer the mills will be closed.

The reason given for the depression is that the Manchurian wheat is exported largely, thus making the price to the home mills very high and permitting Canadians and Americans to send large quantities to the wheat province and underseil the Manchurian millers.

A Curious Relic

Last of Japanese Notice Boards Issued in 1867

A curious relic of the day when Christianity was prohibited as a superstitious sin in Japan is on view at the Africa and Far East exhibition at the Agricultural Hall.

It is the last series of the old notice boards issued by the council of state in 1867, a crude wooden "plate" painted in black Japanese lettering. The notice reads:

1. Prohibition of Christianity is to be observed strictly as heretofore.

2. Superstition is strictly forbidden.

This old regulation was the last to appear before the state consented to recognize the teachings of Christianity.

A Mammoth at Niagara

Geologists say that 150,000 years ago there were animals in America which had teeth three feet long and more than twelve inches thick. Such a tooth was drawn out of the sand at Niagara Falls by a dredger the other day, and now efforts are being made to find the owner of it. The belief of scientists is that the skeleton of a mammoth lies under the sand—how far down it is impossible to guess. They think, however, that probably the head is not very deep down, and that the dredge broke the skull when it fished the tooth up.

A POISON STOREHOUSE IN EVERY HOME

You may not think so, but that's what happens to everyone of us when the kidneys are affected. The kidneys are the filters that remove from the blood the waste matter that acts like deadly poison on the vitality and health of the system. Dr. Hamilton's Pills stimulate the kidneys, expel fermenting matter from the bowels, restore the liver and stimulate all excretory organs. No medicine will clean up the system, tone the blood, make you feel fit and fine as quickly as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Useful and needed in every home. Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c dealers, or The Catarhooze Co., Montreal.

MY CANADA

— BY —
ELINOR MARSDEN ELIOT

Published by Special Arrangement
with the Author

(Continued)

"You may be sure we were very quiet, and when Mr. Black spoke to her husband after a few minutes we all jumped."

"Sandy," she said, "can ye no talk to what the bairns are doing?" "Sandy was, a good-natured man whose easy ways were a sure trial to his energetic wife. 'Whist, woman,' he replied soothingly, 'let the bairns have their play. They'll be auld soon enough, eh, Donald boy?'"

Here Mrs. Livingstone paused, and Gypsy, who had heard the story before and so knew what was expected of the audience, said eagerly:

"So Sandy and Donald were the names, were they?"

"That they were, my girl. And in course of time I married Donald Livingstone and Janet married Sandy Morrison."

"But what about Margaret?" I asked.

"Ah! my dear, that is the strange part of the story," and Mrs. Livingstone lowered her voice to a whisper. "Mrs. Black went into the bedroom, and while we could not hear her rightly she called some question to her good man. 'No,' replied he, 'I drew a blank.'"

"How we girls did laugh at Margaret, for we read the oracle to mean that she would never marry. And would you believe it, she never did! The man she was promised to was lost when he was out hunting, and Margaret lived and died a single woman."

"Well, well those were the good old days!" sighed Mrs. Livingstone. "Not that I'd be advising any young folks to try their fortunes as we did, though. The Book says, 'Matthew six and thirty-four, Sufficient unto the day is



Anaemia

This, watery blood is no more nourishing than thin, watery milk.

But you can soon enrich this blood, overcome the anaemic condition and build up the whole system by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. F. G. Simmons, 42 Curtis St., Brantford, Ont., writes:

"For about eight years I suffered from anaemia. My circulation was poor, my gums and lips were pale, and my hands and feet were always cold. I was nervous and unable to sleep well. I had frequent headaches, seemed restless and easily worried or irritated. There was a buzzing sound in my ears. Indigestion was also one of my complaints, and I often was attacked by weak spells. I went to a doctor, who told me I was anaemic, but as I did not get any better I decided to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and after the first box I felt brighter and my headaches completely disappeared. I continued using the Nerve Food for quite a while. I am quite well now, and I am heartily and gratefully recommending Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to people suffering as I did before I used this splendid tonic."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c a box, all dealers, or Edmonston, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

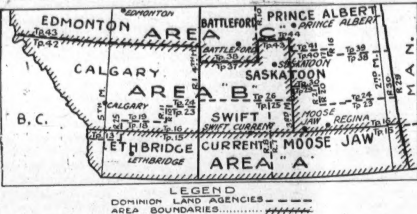
Government Land Settlement Policy

Available Dominion lands in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and the Peace River Block in the province of British Columbia, are in future to be dealt with by areas, as designated on the accompanying map.

Area A—This area comprises the lands lying south of Township 16 in

Land Agencies, in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, lying north of Township 16 and west of the Third Meridian.

Vacant and available Dominion lands in this area are being inspected, and such as are found suitable for settlement will be available for entry on the usual terms. The residue of such lands will be available for applica-



the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The right of entry is withdrawn in this area. Vacant and available Dominion lands in this area, however, are open for applications for leasing for grazing purposes.

Area B—This area comprises lands within the Lethbridge, Calgary, Swift Current, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon

for leasing for grazing purposes.

Area C—This area comprises all the territory lying to the north and east of areas A and B, in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and includes the Peace River Block in British Columbia.

Disposition of the available Dominion lands in this territory will be continued as in the past.

the evil thereof, and the Book is always right in spite of you high critics. 'Higher than what?' I'd like to ask them."

I wish that I were able to describe as it should be described the afternoon and its activities—to come back to the twentieth century.

Quoting again from the Argus: "Prominent citizens had, as per usual, prepared a lengthy programme of sporting events. The live-honoured and classical tug-of-war between the Bachelors and the Bachelors was rivalled in interest only by the Married Ladies' race and the Baseball throwing contest for Unmarried Ladies."

The last-mentioned event was won by a newcomer to our town and country, and we congratulate Miss Elton Eliot (late of Wilmington, England) upon her prowess. During the afternoon our local band, under the able leadership of the Reverend Bernard Hartford, of St. George's, discoursed sweet music to the delight and amusement of all assembled. There is a whole column more, but this is enough to show that the Argus, when it is backed up into a corner. That last phrase is Mr. Fluke's."

Even the Argus cannot do justice to the Baby Show. Our Cockney friends won first prize for their ten-month-old "Helen Arriet," the prize being a bankbook in which ten dollars was shown to the credit of Ellen Harriet. After a succession of mild hints and direct questions I learned that half the prize had been donated by the stationmaster and half by the Massey-Harris agent—crusty old bachelors both, if one were to judge by appearances.

And the band! It consisted of one cornet (slightly off key), a fife, two violins, a piccolo, and an accordion. And the picture of Mr. Hartford conducting this motley crew through the intricacies of "Rule, Britannia!" will enter my last hour. When they came to "Arose, arose, arose," the fife, after one superhuman crescendo, gave out.

"Faith, that lad must be a Home Ruler," remarked Mr. O'Hara.

The baseball match between the Town of Elba and the Early Settlers, is also beyond my powers of description. The excitement caused by it was marvellous, as was the noise made by the onlookers. Mr. O'Hara and Mr. Milne, one on each side of me, were yelling bloodthirsty directions to their favourite players, and Reginald and Percival watched the game as if the fate of empires depended on it.

"Wouldn't you enjoy it all just as much if you did not wear your trousers out?" I asked Mr. Milne.

"Oh, I don't know what we should," he replied. "We Canadians are rather primitive in the expression of our emotions, you see."

I thought for a minute that he was offended, but I changed my mind when, at the next brilliant strike, he clasped his hands gently, and said "conversational like." "Jolly well played, old chap!"

The Town of Elba won. Don't ask me what the score was.

By eight o'clock that night I could have gone to sleep in an iron foundry—but I would not have missed the experiences of the day for worlds.

I return to Winnipeg tomorrow, and I shall leave Elba with sincere regret. It is probably unnecessary for me to say that I know very little more about dairying and poultry raising than I did two weeks ago. But then just think of all the other things that I have seen and learned! There are more things in heaven and earth than dreams and hens, and I am so ashamed to admit that the aforesaid dairies and hens do not play so prominent a part in my scheme of life as they once did.

Perhaps the air in Canada is unattractive. Perhaps with hens, as in other matters, familiarity breeds contempt. Perhaps—but why search for a reason? I have any rate come to the conclusion that Canada is to be preferred to even a model dairy. Canadians to the most fascinating of hens, and human interest to bank interest.

Some day I shall have my farm, but for a few months at least I shall indulge my wanderlust and take with thankfulness the adventures the Fates are pleased to send. It is still my intention to obtain a position as working companion. I consider that in this way I can best get to the heart of Canadian life. And I want to feel that I am doing something useful in the land. Teaching is out of the question, for governesses are not in such as would recommend me to any well-regulated School Board. Officers to I am not fitted for, nor should I like it. So, on the whole, my original plan seems the most satisfactory, even under changed conditions.

The Flukes have asked me to stay with them for a couple of weeks longer, but Mary Arnold also is heading for the honour of my distinguished company, so I must leave. Then, too, Mrs. Fluke has succeeded in getting a real "hired girl," a Scotch lass whose accent is so broad that she has to go sideways through the doors. I do not think that she will last long. I do not mean to say that she shows any signs of departing. Life in a hurry-far from it! But she is pretty in a sensible, everyday fashion; and if the hungry young bachelors of Elba ever get a smell, much less a taste, of her cooking, Mrs. Fluke will have been solved, to his own satisfaction, by a French expert. He began by breakfasting in the open air at 7 a.m., partaking of light preserves. At the noonday meal no sweets were served, but at 4 p.m. there was a light touch of sweets. Within a week all the bees in the neighborhood got wind of what was going on, and the table was swarmed with them regularly at clockwork daily at 7 a.m. and 4 p.m., but there were none at noon; Subsequently a jar of jam was placed in a window for the first five minutes of every hour during the day. The bees made hourly visits with such regularity that the time of day could be judged without reference to a clock.

There is very little ice manufactured in England, the greater bulk of it being imported from Norway in special fast wooden ships.

Look to Your Eyes
Beautiful eyes, like fine gems, are the real crown of beauty. The daily use of Murine keeps them clear, cool, and comfortable. Murine is recommended by all oculists.

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SMOKE

CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality

1/2 LB. TINS

and in packages

A Queer Animal

Long-Necked Sea Lizard Could Bite Tree In Two

A good many hundred thousand years ago there were various queer animals on this earth, and one of the queerest was a creature that is known today as the long-necked sea lizard.

These far from pretty animals had a body shaped somewhat like a cigar with a snake-like neck and a head that resembled a duck's, while it was thrust through the water by four flappers and a short tail.

An idea of their size can be gathered when it is known that a single tooth was a foot or more in length, and its head, the smallest part of its anatomy, was six feet long.

A total length of 60 feet would not be a giant by any means, and there is reason to believe its strength was so great that a single snap of the jaws would be powerful enough to cut through a tree with a 36-inch circumference.

It lived almost all of the time in the sea, and dined off fish and other marine food. Its battles must have been terrific, as skeletons have been found where great pieces of vertebrae have been torn out, evidently from the living creature.

Colonization of Irrigation Lands
Alberta Government authorities announce that plans are about to be drawn up for the colonization of irrigation lands and a comprehensive settlement scheme put into operation.

Listing of lands in the Lethbridge northern district has been completed and a total acreage of 30,000 acres of improved farm land is available for settlement at prices ranging from \$12.50 to \$35.00 per acre.

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Amateur Mountaineer

Climbs Mount Victoria

Accompanied by Swiss Guide Succeds in Reaching Summit

Val A. Flynn, of St. Louis, amateur mountain climber, and Rudolph Aemer, Swiss guide at Chateau Lake Louise, succeeded in climbing the face of Mount Victoria, 11,000 feet. This is the first time this feat has been performed. All the morning spectators in front of the Chateau crowded around the big telescope, watching the climber's perilous ascent. They left the Chateau a few minutes after midnight and reached the top of the glacier in the mountain's face at 4 a.m. Then from the altitude of 9,000 feet they struck straight upward toward the summit reaching a point 600 feet from the top. Aemer was seen to cut steps up the sheer wall of ice for 250 feet. Evidently he could go no further and retracing his steps, the climbers made a traverse to the right and reached the summit at 1:15 p.m. This is their fourth, and only successful attempt.

Southern Alberta Wheat Shipments
From September 1st, 1921, to May 20th, 1922, a total of 6,400,000 bushels of wheat had been shipped out of the Lethbridge division of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which includes the territory from Okotoks south to the boundary and east to Dunmore junction near Medicine Hat.

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Minister Of Labor Refers To Benefits Of Conciliation Board Plan

Ottawa.—A deputation representing Division No. 4 Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor, waited upon Premier King and Minister of Labor Murdoch, and placed before them, in words of a member of the delegation, "first-hand information as to the general railway situation and the serious state of affairs that was developing owing to the application of the wage decreases."

The deputation consisted of R. J. Talbot, Frank McKenna and Fred Harrison, of Division No. 4, and James Somerville and A. McNeil, Vice-Presidents of the International Machinists' Union.

The representations of the delegation were promised consideration by the Premier, but no further statement in regard to the interview was made public.

A statement was, however, issued by the Minister of Labor, "expressing some satisfaction at the good fortune which has so far attended Canada's railway labor controversies, prevailing in the United States and Canada, with the difference that, whereas in the United States some hundreds of thousands of workmen are on strike and many other thousands are threatening to cease work, there is not in the Dominion a strike growing out of the controversies in question."

"The advantage in the Canadian situation," said the statement, "is without doubt due to the educational and beneficial effect of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, the virtues of which, in connection with industrial disputes, have never been more strikingly illustrated than at the present time, when there are eight or nine conciliation boards actually sitting or in course of constitution."

"An aspect of the situation particularly pleasing to the Minister of Labor is the disposition shown by both railway companies and railroad workmen to conform with the requirements of the statute. This has been specially indicated in the case of the three United States lines operating in Canada, namely, the Michigan Central Railroad, the Pere Marquette and the New York Central Railroad. Each of these railways has shops in Canada, and the roads, between them, employ many hundreds of workmen. The workmen are members of the same unions which are on strike in the United States."

Aviator to Attempt Pacific Flight
London.—Major C. W. F. Morgan, British aviator, has called to the United States an announcement of his decision to attempt a trans-Pacific flight from San Francisco to Sydney, New South Wales, for a prize of £10,000, offered by Thomas H. Ince, of Los Angeles. Mr. Morgan says he hopes to leave San Francisco at 7 o'clock on the evening of October 2 next and arrive in Sydney at 2 o'clock on October 7, proceeding across the Pacific by way of Honolulu, Samoa and the Fiji Islands.

Lord Mountbatten Honored
London.—It is announced that Lord Louis Mountbatten, who became the husband of Miss Edwina Ashley, has been created a Knight Commander of the Victorian Order. Lord Louis was aide to the Prince of Wales on the recent tour.



Sun-Mor Biscuit
In the Striped Package
EAT SOM-MOR BISCUIT TODAY
NORTH-WEST BISCUIT COMPANY LTD.

W. N. U. 1430

Russians Make New Proposals

Hague Delegates Suggest Arrangement for Payment of Debt

The Hague.—The new proposal in connection with compensation for confiscated property and payment of the Russian debt were advanced by the Russian delegates at a meeting with the entire non-Russian commission of the conference on Russian affairs here.

The Russians suggested an arrangement by which Russia would undertake to negotiate directly with foreign holders for the payment of compensation for confiscated property and with bond holders for settlement of the Russian debt.

The Russians proposed that all the delegates, including the Russian, submit this project to their respective governments and await an answer for one week at The Hague. The Russians for the time being dropped the question of credits, as they said the non-Russians had declined credits. It was announced that the non-Russian representatives would meet later to discuss the proposal.

Russia, her representatives said, would engage to make arrangements with foreign claimants within two years.

CATTARRHAL DEAFNESS

Is greatly relieved by constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, there is a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation is removed, the hearing will never be restored. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts directly on the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring the normal condition.

Get it free. All Druggists. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Heavy Rainfall in Toronto
Toronto.—For about two minutes during a severe thunderstorm here records at the meteorological bureau showed that rain fell at the rate of six inches an hour, a rate equal to at most the most terrific storms in the tropics. Lightning struck in four places in Toronto during the storm, but no serious damage was reported.

Her Two Children Had Diarrhoea Terribly Bad

Anyone suffering from bowel complaints such as diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, or any other looseness of the bowels, will find that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will give quicker and more permanent relief than any other remedy on the market today.

Mrs. Roy Keith, Charlton, Ont., writes:—"I am writing to tell you what Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry did for me. Last summer my children had diarrhoea, terribly bad, and they would vomit and pass a great deal of blood. I tried every remedy we could think of, but finally bought a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and about one-half of it stopped the diarrhoea altogether. I have told several others about it, and I would not be without it in the house, as I can truthfully say it saved the lives of my two children."

Price, Six a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Norman Lambert Resigns

Giving Up Post of Secretary of Agricultural Council

Winnipeg.—The resignation of Norman P. Lambert from the post of Secretary Canadian Council of Agriculture will be presented to the council at a meeting in Winnipeg about the end of this month. It is stated here. Mr. Lambert is to take an executive position with the Maple Leaf Milling Company it is learned. Mr. Lambert, a former Toronto newspaperman, has taken a very active part in the work of the council during recent years.

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.

WESTERN EDITORS



Sam Moore, Editor and Publisher of The Sun, Swift Current, Sask.

For Hiccups and Heartburn Here is a Good Prescription

Nothing brings such satisfactory relief as slowly sipping a few drops of "Nervine" in sweetened water. Nervine relieves those conditions that cause the hiccups, just as it does sour stomach, gas belching and fermentation in the stomach. For acute stomach pains, bloating, nausea, and similar ills, rely on trusty old Nervine—the true friend of every family. Sold by all dealers, 35c per bottle.

Farmers Win In Manitoba

Provincial General Elections Give U.F.A. Majority

Winnipeg.—With some polls missing in many of the rural constituencies, which are not expected to alter the standing materially in any case, the standing of the parties outside of Winnipeg is as follows, the figures given in each case being the majority of the successful candidate over his opponent if in a two-candidate fight, or over his nearest opponent in three or four cornered contests:

Farmers—24
Arthur—D. L. McLeod, 308.
Beautiful Plains—Geo. Little, 600.
Birtle—W. J. Shortt, 414.
Carleton—A. Prefontaine, 402.
Deloraine—D. S. McLeod, 257.
Dufferin—Wm. Brown, 153.
Fisher—M. V. Bachynsky, 245.
Gilbert Plains—A. D. Berry, 566.
Gladstone—A. McGregor, 837.
Hamilton—T. Wollenholme, 408.
Herville—A. R. Boyce, 328.
Killarney—A. E. Foster, 214.
Lakeside—D. L. Campbell, 407.
La Verandrye—P. A. Talbot, 361.
Manitou—G. Compton, 31.
Minnedosa—Neil Cameron, 800.
Morris—W. R. Chubb, 500.
Mountain—Chas. Cannon, 558.
Norfolk—J. Muirhead, 151.
Rockwood—W. C. McKinnell, 650.
Russell—I. B. Griffiths, 397.
Springfield—C. Barclay, 182.
Swan River—J. W. Edmund, 1,308.
Virden—R. H. Mooney, 480.

Liberals—5
Dauphin—A. E. Esplin, 64.
Fairford—A. W. Kirvan, 332.
Glenwood—J. W. Breakey, 522.
Lansdowne—Hon. T. C. Norris, 461.
St. George—S. Sigfusson, 567.

Conservatives—4
Morden-Rhineland—J. Kennedy, 330.
Portage la Prairie—Major F. G. Taylor, 138.
Roblin—F. V. Newton, 5.
Turtle Mountain—R. G. Willis, 121.

Independents—7
Brandon—Dr. J. H. Edmison, 1,217.
Cypress—W. H. Sparks, 46.
Emerson—D. Yakimchuk, 393.
Gimli—M. Rojeski, 490.
St. Boniface—J. Bernier, 842.
St. Clements—J. A. Daus, 483.
St. Rose—J. Hamlin, 373.

Labor—2
Assiniboia—W. D. Bayley, 868.
Kildon—St. Andrews—D. A. Tanner, 493.

Deferred—3
The Pan, Ruperts' Land, and Ethelbert.

Saw Fly Damaging Crops
Brandon.—Wheat stem saw fly is damaging the crops in the Douglas district, according to reports from there. The extent of the damage cannot yet be ascertained.

Indications Point To Early Adjustment Of All International Debts

London.—Statements in the House of Commons that the British debt to the United States would certainly be paid—and a committee is proceeding to Washington to arrange the details of time and manner of payments—are believed here to indicate an early adjustment of the whole matter of international indebtedness.

British officials declined to discuss reports that the German indemnity is to be reduced to fifty billion gold marks, in return for which France is to receive the cancellation of her debts to Britain. The placing of Anglo-American accounts on a definite footing is now intimated. This has long been held to be the keystone of the whole financial arch, so that speedy adjustments of other obligations may be expected. Treasury officials say that numerous solutions of the Anglo-French debts have been considered. One of them contemplates a reduction of the German obligations to £2,500,000,000, compared with £6,600,000,000, which is the present figure. They declare that nothing will be done pending the report of the reparations commission. There has been no suggestion that the bankers' commission should be reconvened, they said.

Berlin.—As was foreshadowed in its note to the reparations commission of July 11, applying for a moratorium, the German Government, it is announced, has now sent a note to the Allied Governments asking that the monthly reparations payment, which hitherto has amounted to £2,000,000, should be reduced to £500,000 for the period ending December 31, 1924.

The Government further requests that during the same period all cash payments of compensation respecting damage inflicted upon property rights

or interests of subjects of allied or associated powers in Germany, be suspended.

Greece Again Meets Payments

Change of Government Caused Lapse in Loan Interest

Ottawa.—Greece, it is understood, is again meeting interest payments on the loan of seven and a half millions advanced by Canada, in the form of credits in 1913. When the credits were first granted, interest payments were met regularly but, following governmental changes in Greece, there was a lapse.

Roumania is still in default in interest payments on the loan of twenty millions, but there is hope that they will be met eventually. On March 21, 1922, Roumania owed to Canada in interest alone, the sum of \$2,606,652.

China's Department of Finance Closed

Peking.—Minister of Finance Tung Kang closed the doors of the Department of Finance with the announcement that they would remain closed until funds could be found for the empty treasury. He predicts that President Li Yuan-Hung's administration will be unable to weather the present crisis.

Steam Pipes on U.S. Warship Explode

Port Angeles, Wn.—Exploding steam pipes on the battleship, New York, flagship of the Pacific fleet, scalded one man, rendered 12 others unconscious and nearly caused a collision between the flagship and the destroyer, McDermott, as the fleet was returning to this port from maneuvers.

Had Your Iron Today?



Work Brains—Not Digestion

HERE'S an ideal hot-weather luncheon!

Two packages luscious Little Sun-Maid Raisins—one cool glass of milk. Big men don't need more.

290 calories of energizing nutriment in the little raisins. Pure fruit sugar, practically predigested so it acts almost immediately, yet doesn't tax digestion and thus heat the blood. There's fatigue-resisting food-iron also in this lunch.

Vital men eat like this and resist the weather. Don't work their digestion because they want to work their brains.

Try it for a few days and you'll feel better.

Little Sun-Maids
Between-Meal Raisins
5c Everywhere

—in Little Red Packages

A BANK FOR THE FARMERS OF CANADA



FARMERS can consult with this Bank with the knowledge that their problems will be understood and their banking requirements efficiently handled. We have made a special study of the financial needs of farmers, the difficulties they encounter, and their ways of doing business.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years



Inga Items.

By the looks of the large number of enthusiastic Chautauqua goers and the regularity with which they attend, it must be making a hit; and all hope they will be with us again.

The management of the dance held last week at the Pitzler barn wish to thank all those who helped make it such an enjoyable evening, "especially the ladies," and hope everybody went home contented.

Mr O Mickelson enjoyed a lengthy visit with the Pitzler boys on Sunday last.

Master Edward, son of Mr and Mrs J Litzenberger, had to undergo a severe operation in Edmonton last week, and we are glad to report good progress on the way to recovery.

The new bridge and grade put in at Dog Creek, near Inga Corner, under the supervision of Mr Pitzler, is sure appreciated by the public.

Mr T Graden Sr has been grading the Comet road, and a big improvement is noticed.

Mrs A Sedan and family, of Spruce Grove, were week end visitors of Mr and Mrs C Mills. Miss L Barber who has been staying with her Grandparent Mrs. Kinaert, has left for her home at Irma.

Miss L. English of Edmonton who has been spending summer holidays out in the country, has left for the city.

Mr. Chas Propp gave the roads the "once over" this week.

Miss M. Deveau is spending a week in this district and we hope she enjoys renewing old acquaintances.

"The Imp turns saint," the Imp has been seen hanging around saintlike quarters on a saintlike day, with the Customary Cloudy Wry long face, as if his troubles were great and many. We hope he survives.

The New Stamp Act.

The banks have the following from the Minister of Finance: "Final legislation not yet enacted, but as the matter stands at present the following stamp tax on checks will become effective August 1st, 1922: Two cents for each \$50 or fraction thereof, with a maximum of \$2."

The banks ask their clients and friends to make sure sufficient stamps are affixed to checks when issued after Aug. 1st, in order that the checks may be honored when presented at the bank. The banks wish to thank the public in anticipation for particular cooperation along these lines.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH AND COLD
POULTRY IN SEASON.
CASH PAID FOR HOGS, CATTLE,
CALVES, HIDES AND
POULTRY.

GUS ZUCHT.

D. T. DAVIS,
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS.
TOP PRICES PAID FOR FARM
PRODUCE.

AGENT for ENTERPRISE DAIRY
FAT CALVES AND POULTRY
WANTED.

STONY PLAIN,
ALBERTA.

Stony Plain and District.

Baron and Summerfield are now agents for the Fairbanks-Morse Engines, etc.

The herd of Holstein cows at the local Demonstration Farm will shortly, be moved to the new Government Hospital at Horse Hills.

Ph Trapp, General merchant, this week received a consignment of that favorite brand of flour, Lake of the Woods. Try it.

Several hundred Nitchies attended the big Stony pow-wow on the reserve near Duffield; this week.

The British House of Commons declared the embargo on Canadian cattle, off.

Holborn News.

Mr and Mrs W Kelly of Stony Plain spent Sunday with Mr and Mrs R Larson.

Mr R Berry visited Mr and Mrs J A Duval on Sunday.

Mr and Mrs F Williams spent Sunday with Mrs H Mackinnon.

Mr Reuben Larson is improving the market road.

Mr J M Kullander is busy cutting his crop of timothy.

Practically everyone in this district has been attendance at some of the sessions of the Chautauqua at Stony Plain.

Mr and Mrs M L Larson, Miss Annie Kullander and the Misses Bergstroms spent Sunday at Edmonton Beach.

Mr E E Sites has finished the job of breaking on Mr Mackinnon's farm.

Poles are being laid down along the road for the extension of the telephone service south from Mr Davidson's place.

The dance Friday night—the last barn dance of the season—lived up to expectations, the entire affair being excellently managed and gave complete satisfaction to the many patrons. Jardine's orchestra, from Edmonton, provided the music, which was enjoyed by the large crowd; and the dainty repast at midnight left nothing to be desired.

It hasn't failed yet—

When a dance we put on,
The rain it gets ready, and
Then it comes down.

So, when we need rain,
Our crops to enhance,
Why don't we get up
Another barn dance ???

Special Session.

A special session of the Alberta Legislature is in progress this week, to give effect to legislation which will bring into being, in accordance with recent Dominion legislation, a Wheat Board for the handling of the wheat marketing for Alberta this year. Similar legislation is to be passed by Saskatchewan, and it is anticipated, also by Manitoba. The special session is expected to last not more than ten days or two week.

The Stony Plain Sun.

STONY PLAIN, ALTA.

Published at Stony Plain, Alta., every Thursday, at the office of The Sun, Third Street West.

THURS, JULY 27 1922

DR. R. M. OATWAY.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Residence and Office, opp. G. J. F.
Station. Phone 11.

DR. L. FAUNT JONES.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Second Street, 1
door west of L. Zilliox's.

DR. S. W. D. FRITH, DENTIST

Graduate Toronto and Chicago
Visits Stony Plain fourth Saturday
of each month.
705 McLeod Bldg., Edmonton.
Phone 5843.

DR. J. HENRY,

Veterinary Physician and Surgeon,
Office, Stony Plain.
Phone 34 or 18.

WANTED—Woman wanted, to
work in kitchen—Williams Restaurant,
Main Street.

LOST—At Comet Dance, July
4th, diamond brooch, valued as
a keepsake. Leave at Sun Office
for reward.

LOST—\$10 reward for information
leading to the return of 3
head of cattle—1 black and white
steer, 1 red and white steer, 1 black
Aberdeen Angus; coming three
years old. Apply Dan Brown, Spruce
Grove.

LOST—On Sports Ground, Green
Fair Motel's 8 Show, black C-
overcase Military service coat,
button. Will finder please return
to Mr. Malloch, Stony Plain.

TO RENT—Pasture for horses;
plenty of good water. Apply D A
Summerfield, NW Sec 8 51 1 W 5,
Holborn P.O.

LOST—Baseball mitt, on Sunday
last. Finder please leave at Sun
office.

GET YOUR FLOUR AT TRAPP'S Grocery Store.

Try LAKE OF THE
WOODS FLOUR.

More Satisfaction in Bread.

Agent for Swift's Creamery.

Philip Trapp
GENERAL MERCHANT.

Farm Machinery.

Gasoline Engines,

Cream Separators,

Tractors and Threshers

Haying Machinery,

Binders, Wagons.

M. DUCHOLKE,
Stony Plain.

CONTAINS NO ALUM

MAKES THE WHITEST LIGHTS

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE FOOD
INSURES GOOD HEALTH
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
INSURES PURE FOOD

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA. MONTREAL

CANADIAN MADE

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. J. A. Bancroft who resigned the chair of metallurgy in McGill a year ago, will return to McGill in the autumn.

Ignace Jan Pederswki will return to the plane next fall, touring the United States and Canada, it has been announced.

Fire completely destroyed the railway car factory of the Orenstein and Koppel works at Spandau, Germany. Damage was done to extent of several millions of marks.

W. H. Robinson, aviator, and two men passengers were burned to death at Los Angeles when the airplane in which they were flying caught fire and fell.

The skeleton of John Collins, a Belgian farm hand, who disappeared under mysterious circumstances from a High Bluff farm last January, was found on the outskirts of Winnipeg.

Lady Wilson, widow of Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson, declined the invitation extended to her to stand as Unlaid candidate for Parliament for North Down, her husband's late constituency.

The Swiss Government, it was announced has decided to adhere to the St. Germain convention for international control of traffic in arms and ammunition. The decision is subject to approval by the Swiss Parliament.

Shortage of foods has grown acute in Dublin. The shops are charging exorbitant prices for eggs, bacon and bread. No taxicabs and only a few jaunting cars are available and the drivers demand extra payment for the risk they run, allowing no discount, however, for the risk the passenger takes. The newsboys ask double price for papers.

Screen for Car Windows
In a new type of street car a heavy wire screen is attached to the bottom of each window so that as the window is raised it lifts the screen to cover the opening.

O. McPherson, Furniture Dealer, Undertaker, Armistice, B.C., Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.

Dear Sirs:—Since the start of baseball season we have been hindered with sore muscles, sprained ankles, etc., but just as soon as we started using Minard's Liniment our troubles ended. Every baseball player should keep a bottle of your liniment handy.

Yours truly,
W. E. McPherson,
Secretary of Armstrong High School, Baseball Team.

Fountain Paint Brush
An Iowa man is the inventor of a fountain paint brush that combines the accuracy of a hand brush with the speed of a spray device.

Your Home Medicine Chest—Among the standard household remedies that should always be on hand in your home medicine chest, none is more important than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Its manifold usefulness in relieving pain and healing sickness is known by many thousands throughout the land. Always use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for relieving rheumatic and sciatic pains, treating sore throats and chest, coughs, burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains.

Blind Man's Invention—An automatic bookmark has been invented by a blind man, a lightweight strip of flexible material falling into place as pages are turned.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Remover is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

The world's record for Sunday School attendance is probably that of Owen Jones, of Liverpool, England, who has been a regular attendant for more than 94 years.

\$32 Becomes \$30,000,000
The largest advertiser of any single product in the world is a Chicago chewing gum manufacturer who started with a capital of \$32 and now has a business with an annual turnover of more than \$30,000,000.

GROWING BOYS AND GIRLS

Need Rich, Red Blood to Keep Up Health and Strength

It is a mistake to think that anemia is only a girl's complaint. Girls probably show the effect of weak, watery blood more plainly than boys. But many boys in their teens grow thin and weak, showing that they have not enough blood, or that it is thin and watery. Let the boy in this condition catch cold and he will lose his strength and his health becomes precarious. To overcome this trouble give both your weak boys and girls Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how soon good appetite returns and the weak boy or languid girl becomes full of activity and high spirits.

Mrs. P. Garvey, R.R. No. 5, Mone Mills, Ont., tells what this medicine did for her young son. "He says: 'Three years ago, my little boy, who was then 11 years old, was very pale and weak, he would take fainting spells and complained of weakness in his heart. One day a lady friend, who noticed his run-down condition, told me her daughter had been in a similar state and found new health through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.' I therefore got a supply for my boy, and by the time the first box was used his appetite seemed better, and by the time he had taken half a dozen boxes everyone was surprised at the change in his condition, he was such a fine, healthy looking boy. He had grown tall and stout, with no signs of his former run-down condition. I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unequalled for anyone weak and run-down."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MacKenzie, the largest political division of Canada, has an area of 562,182 square miles.

Dangerous Cargoes

Sailors Dislike to Sail With a Cargo of Sugar or Coffee

At first thought it would seem that dynamite was a cargo to be carefully avoided, but from a sailor's point of view there are far more dangerous cargoes. He dreads, for instance, a cargo of sugar! Put hundreds of tons of cane sugar in casks in the hold of a vessel and let the ship steam through a spell of hot weather. The odor is sickening. The sailors cannot get the sweet taste out of their mouths and cry vinegar or lime juice—anything sour. They lose their appetites and are always glad when a voyage on which the cargo was sugar is over. Coffee is as disagreeable as sugar, in addition being very dangerous.

Cotton is a really dangerous cargo. If a little oil happens to touch raw cotton the result is spontaneous combustion. A single bale of cotton saturated with such an oil as kerosene, linseed and lying at the bottom of a hold can be compared only to a slow match attached to a bomb.

Acids and other chemicals form dangerous cargoes. Carbide of calcium, for example, acetylene gas is made from this chemical and the gas is constantly given off if the product is exposed to air.

Shippers dislike to carry drums of acid where they can be reached easily. A Chilean ship recently put in at the Falkland Islands leaking badly. Her cargo was made up of drums of acid and chalk. The acid had leaked from the drums and mixed with the chalk, forming carbonic acid gas in the hold. This gas is deadly and the crew could not make repairs. Meantime, the acid had gathered in the bottom of the ship and had eaten away the iron frames there.

The Family Physician—The good doctor is always worth his fee. But it is not always possible to get to him just when you want him. In such cases, common sense suggests the use of a reliable home remedy. As Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which is wonderfully effective in easing inflammation, relieving cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. The presence of this remedy in the family medicine chest is a really a fee.

Circle Tours Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies

Delightful Trip Afforded for Tourists

Over C.P.R. By the most magnificent mountain and inland water trip in the world, passing through beautiful Banff, lovely Lake Louise, Field and Glacier thence to Arrowhead—steamer through the Arrow and Kootenay Lakes, winding in and out past majestic mountain peaks—touching at West Robson and Nelson enroute.

This delightful trip can be made in the opposite direction if desired and at remarkably low cost.

Any Canadian Pacific ticket agent will gladly give full information and arrange details.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Manitoba Butter Wins

Awarded Prizes at Exhibitions in Calgary and Edmonton

For years butter made at Manitoba creameries has won an enviable place at the leading Canadian exhibitions. Word has been received by the Department of Agriculture of the awards won at Calgary and Edmonton by the exhibitors placed by the Brandon branch of the Crescent Creamery Company.

"This creamery won two first prizes on May butter at Calgary; one first, one second, and two thirds at Edmonton. The winners at Calgary also include a bronze medal and diploma for third highest average score given to any butter on exhibition; also a special prize of \$15 and provincial championship ribbon."

There were twenty-two creameries entered in these exhibitions, from Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and British Columbia," said Mr. Gibson, Dairy Commissioner.

1,500 Telephone Directories
About 1,500 different telephone directories, with an aggregate circulation of 25,000,000 copies a year, are issued by the principal telephone systems in the United States. To print and distribute the directories costs the corporation approximately \$8,000,000 a year.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

SENDS TANLAC TO RELATIVES IN HOLLAND

North Vancouver Woman Says She Wishes Everybody In The World Could Have The Medicine—Restored Her To Splendid Health.

"I think so much of Tanlac I am sending it to my relatives in Holland for I want them to know what a wonderful medicine we have over here," said Mrs. C. Spruitburg, 15th St., E., North Vancouver, B.C.

"I suffered from stomach trouble and other ailments so long I was almost a nervous and physical wreck. After meals my food soured and I often bloated until I could scarcely breathe. My nerves got in such an awful condition I couldn't sleep nights, and I had dizzy, fainting spells so often I was afraid to risk myself alone."

"My first bottle of Tanlac helped me so much I kept on taking it until now I feel like a different person. My stomach never gives me the least trouble, my nerves are normal and I sleep like a child every night. I wish everybody in the world could have Tanlac. I cannot praise it too highly."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

An Engaging Chinese Figure

General Wu is Clever Politician Without Conceit

General Wu is the most engaging figure that has appeared in Chinese politics for a long time. He has none of the conceit and cunning that mark Sun Yat-Sen's character, and seems to be free from the chicanery and unscrupulousness of the cháng t'ien in the world. Chang T'ien-Lin, He expresses himself well and patriotically. He speaks and writes in English, but the opportunity to unite China, abolish militarism, revive industry and gain the respect of the world. Of course men who were not so modest as they would like to seem have used such language before, but Wu adds to the impression that he is an honest, likable fellow with more than his share of brains.

ECZEMA
You are not the only one suffering from this skin disease. It is a common ailment. It is caused by an irritation of the skin. It is often caused by an infection. It is often caused by a poor diet. It is often caused by a poor circulation. It is often caused by a poor hygiene. It is often caused by a poor environment. It is often caused by a poor heredity. It is often caused by a poor constitution. It is often caused by a poor health. It is often caused by a poor mind. It is often caused by a poor body. It is often caused by a poor soul. It is often caused by a poor spirit. It is often caused by a poor will. It is often caused by a poor power. It is often caused by a poor love. It is often caused by a poor hope. It is often caused by a poor faith. It is often caused by a poor charity. It is often caused by a poor justice. It is often caused by a poor temperance. It is often caused by a poor moderation. It is often caused by a poor discretion. It is often caused by a poor judgment. It is often caused by a poor wisdom. It is often caused by a poor knowledge. It is often caused by a poor understanding. It is often caused by a poor insight. It is often caused by a poor perception. It is often caused by a poor feeling. It is often caused by a poor emotion. It is often caused by a poor passion. It is often caused by a poor desire. It is often caused by a poor appetite. It is often caused by a poor taste. It is often caused by a poor smell. It is often caused by a poor touch. It is often caused by a poor sight. It is often caused by a poor hearing. It is often caused by a poor voice. It is often caused by a poor color. It is often caused by a poor sound. It is often caused by a poor taste. It is often caused by a poor smell. It is often caused by a poor touch. It is often caused by a poor sight. It is often caused by a poor hearing. It is often caused by a poor voice. It is often caused by a poor color. It is often caused by a poor sound. 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AUGUST 10 AND 11.

The Meridian Road Again.

After several false alarms have been given by those who supposedly spoke with authority, that the Meridian Road north of the Baseline would have the very necessary repairs put on it this summer, nothing so far has been done, and the road-work season is now well advanced. It is a recognised rule that each Rural Municipality look after the road bounding its western limit. This leaves that part of the Meridian road which lies outside Stony Plain town limits at the mercy of the Spruce Grove R. M. Councilors. Why they should be allowed to neglect this very necessary work seems hard to understand.

Fire at Spruce Grove.

On Wednesday morning of last week the citizens of Spruce Grove were startled when an alarm of fire called the able-bodied residents to the west end of the town to help extinguish a fire which was destroying a barn in the rear of a lot on Second Street. The fire could not be extinguished, but it was prevented from spreading thru the united efforts of those present. It is thought the fire started when a company of juveniles were enjoying their after-dinner smoke.

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STONY PLAIN SUN

Stony Plain and District

Service will be held in the Methodist church Sunday, July 30, at 7.30 p.m.

Service will be held in Bright Bank Schoolhouse Sunday next at 11 a.m.

Mr. Hy Schellenberger has commenced work on a new residence on his farm, east of town.

Send your exhibits to your local Fair—August 10 and 11.

Mr. Gussette, who farms near Spruce Grove, lost a valuable collie dog last week, which is thought to have been poisoned.

Those who had wooded lots in the country which had been stripped of leaves by the tent moths, are pleased to find that the trees are leafing again, after the pest has disappeared.

Dr. Henry, Veterinary Surgeon, has been appointed official veterinarian for the issuing of health certificates for stock being shipped from the Electoral District of Stony Plain. Phone 40, Stony Plain or 4830 Edmonton.

Some very necessary repairs have been made on the Meridian Road, south from Gilbert's Corner.

Some good work which car-owners appreciate is being done for a mile each side of the Comet Schoolhouse—the bumps have been eliminated and the hollows filled up.

In Calgary last week T Ward of Lethbridge paid \$700 for a team of grade mares. These were 6 and 7 years old, and weighed 3600 lbs.

The Department estimates that Alberta has 5,232,065 acres in wheat this season, a very material increase over last year.

The Lethbridge Herald says that during a hailstorm which struck west of Milk River, the stones were such a size that they killed 12 or 15 sheep in each of the bands in the path of the storm.

Pageant and Sports.

The pageant put on Friday by the juveniles under the direction of Miss Bryan, of the Chautauque, was a very pleasing affair. Miss Bryan is superintendent of children's work, and made quite a hit with the juveniles. Following are the winners at the games:

- Charlie Chaplin—John Brill.
- Squaw—Betty Dale.
- Girls 3-legged—Marie, Clarke & M. Allan 1, Noradna Shroves & L. Barron 2.
- Boys' backward race—L. Oatway 1, T. Shroves.
- Centipede race—T. Shroves, Hy Trapp, Emil Ducholke.
- Girls needle and thread race—Eleanor Umbach.
- Boys 3-legged—L. Oatway & G. Clarke, Tom Shroves & Ed Danhauser.
- Girls backward, under 10—A. Barron, M. Allen, L. Barron.
- Backward girls, over 10—A. Foster, E. Umbach.
- Boys 11-12, 100 yards—T. Shroves 1, A. Davis.
- Boys 9-11—Alf Davis, I. Miller.
- Girls 12 over—O. Johnson, Elaine Brill.
- Boys' wheelbarrow—9-10—Louis Miller & A. Davis, A. Payne & Ph. Trapp.
- Wheelbarrow over 10—Thomas Shroves & Ed Danhauser, John Brill & Hy Trapp.
- Girls under 9—Amelia Barron, L. Barron, M. Allen.
- Boys under 9—F. Miller, Eric Rosell.
- Girls 9 to 12—N. Horne, Amelia Barron.

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